



Economic Overview And Outlook: Nevada

JOBS

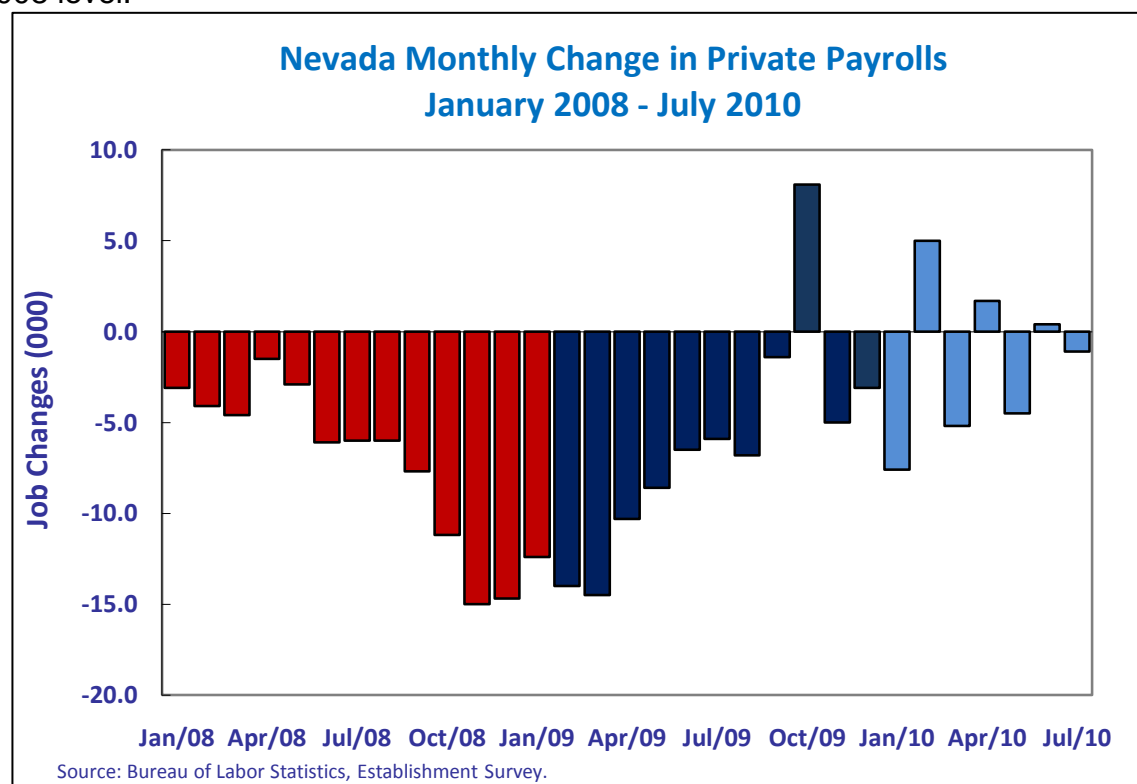
- Across the country, the private sector gained jobs in each month of 2010.
- The President's Council of Economic Advisers estimates that investments made through the Recovery Act have boosted employment in Nevada by 29,000 jobs through the 2nd quarter of 2010.
- In Nevada, private sector employment fell by 14.4 percent from December 2007 to December 2009. In 2010, private sector employment contracted.
- In Nevada, employees in the construction, manufacturing, and financial activities sectors faced the largest job losses (as a percent of employment within an industry) over the recession. In 2010, the following sectors in Nevada experienced the greatest employment increases: mining; other services; and government.*
- As the economy recovers from the Great Recession, service-providing industries are projected to add the most jobs between 2008 and 2018, with the largest gains in professional and business services, education, health care and social assistance, and State and local government. Within the goods-producing sector of the economy, only the construction industry is projected to add jobs above its 2008 level.

EMPLOYMENT

- The unemployment rate in Nevada was 14.3 percent in July 2010, up 9.1 percentage points from December 2007, surpassing its most recent peak of 14.2 percent reached in June 2010.
- 195,000 Nevada residents were counted among the unemployed in Nevada during July 2010.

EARNINGS

- Between the start of the recession in the 4th quarter of 2007 and the 1st quarter of 2009, inflation-adjusted total personal income in the United States declined 2.5 percent. Most recently, in the 1st quarter of 2010, total personal income remained 2.6 percent below the 4th quarter 2007 peak.



- Real per capita personal income (in 2005 \$) in Nevada was \$34,623.00 in the 1st quarter of 2010, down from \$38,434.00 in the 1st quarter of 2008.

HOUSING

- National home prices, including distressed sales, saw an increase of 1.4 percent in June 2010 from June 2009 compared to 3.7 percent in May. In Nevada, home prices saw a decrease of 2.3 percent in June 2010 from June 2009 following May's year over year decrease of 2.4 percent.
- The median price of single-family homes in Nevada was \$268,000 in 2008, compared to \$250,000 nationwide.
- As of the 1st quarter of 2010, 10.4 percent of all mortgages, including 25.1 percent of subprime mortgages, were in foreclosure in Nevada.
- Housing starts in Nevada totaled 6,610 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in June 2010, an increase of 13.6 percent from May.
- Within the West census region, which includes Nevada, sales of new single-family homes totaled 57,000 units in June 2010, a decrease of 6.6 percent from May. Sales of existing single-family homes decreased 8.5 percent to 1,070,000 units (at seasonally adjusted annual rates) from May to June 2010.

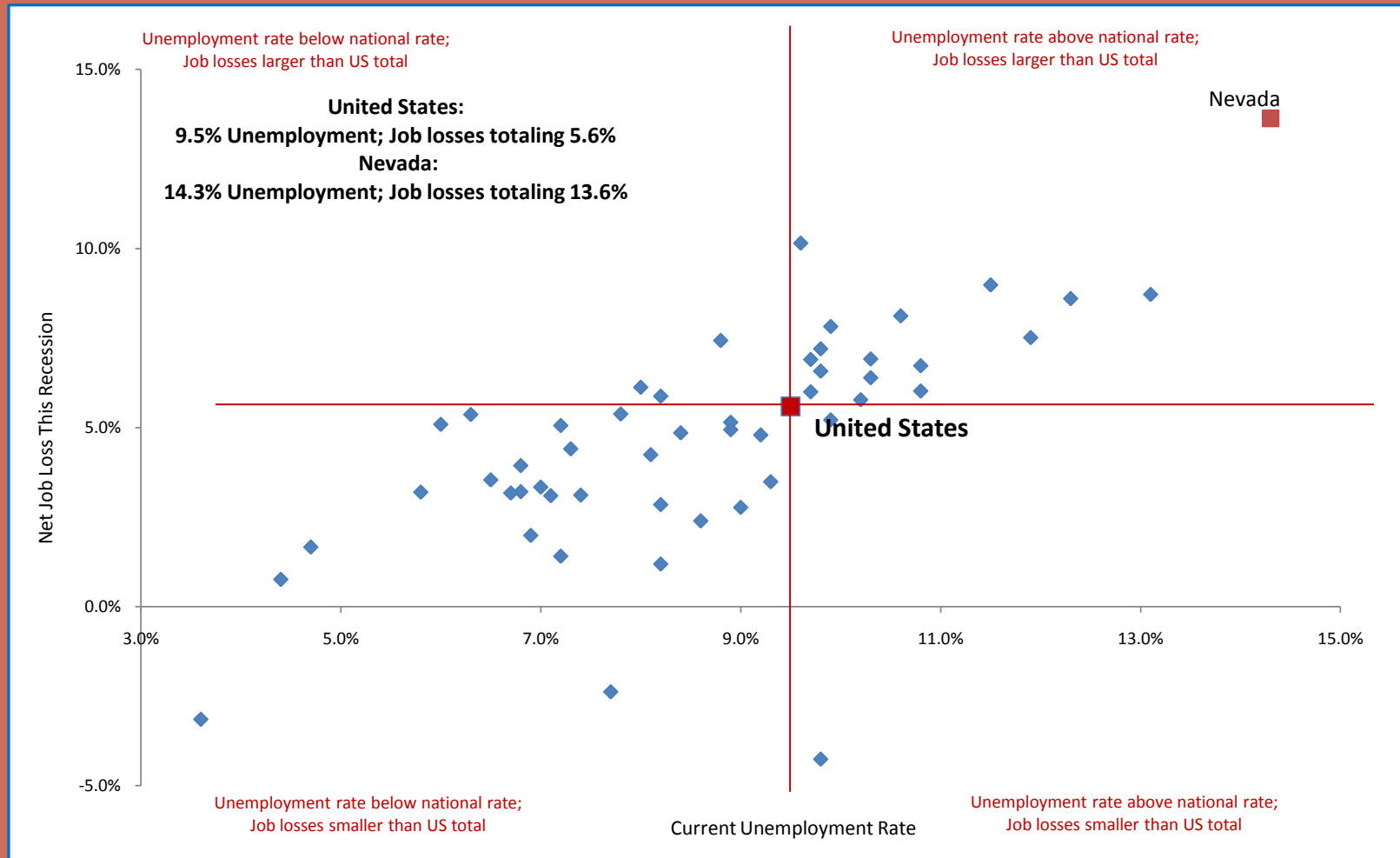
* For Nevada-specific labor sector statistics, please refer to the Nevada office: <http://www.nevadaworkforce.com/>

How Does Nevada Compare To Other States?

Workers across the country have been hard hit by the Great Recession. This chart allows you to compare Nevada to other states using two metrics.

The current unemployment rate (measured along the horizontal axis) serves as a gauge of current labor market conditions faced by residents, while the proportion of jobs lost within Nevada over the course of the recession (shown along the vertical axis) measures the toll the recession has taken on the job supply in Nevada.

States falling in the upper right quadrant have lost a disproportionate share of jobs, relative to the total United States, and have unemployment rates higher than the national unemployment rate. States falling in the lower left quadrant have unemployment rates lower than the national average and smaller job losses over the recession.



STATE QUICK FACTS

		Nevada	United States
Unemployment Rates	July 2008	6.7%	5.8%
	July 2009	12.3%	9.4%
	July 2010	14.3%	9.5%
Percent of Population Who Are Veterans	2008	11.8%	9.8%
Veterans' Unemployment Rate	2009	11.5%	8.1%
Median Household Income	2000	\$ 55,381	\$ 52,532
	(2008 \$) 2008	\$ 55,440	\$ 51,233
Poverty Rate	2000	10.0%	11.6%
	2008	10.3%	12.9%
No Health Insurance	2000	17.4%	13.9%
	2008	18.0%	15.3%